

RESIDENTIAL CONTAINERS

BURNABLE WASTE

Daily waste that cannot be recycled, such as:

- Dirty plastic and carton packaging
- Hygiene products, such as diapers and sanitary towels
- Dog feces, cat litter and pet bedding
- Cleaning waste, such as vacuum cleaner bags
- Plastic items, such as buckets and toys
- Dishes, office supplies, soft toys etc.
- Shoes, bags, pillows and comforters
- Flower soil, if bio waste is not composted



Used for generating district heating and electricity.

BIO WASTE

- Food scraps, spoiled groceries
- Fruit and vegetable skins and peels
- Coffee and tea grounds with filter papers
- Paper towels and napkins
- Fish bones and small bones
- Withered flowers and plant parts (no soil)

Drain liquids. Pack in a biodegradable wrapper, such as newspaper or a paper bag. If you do not have a compost or biowaste is not collected separately, bio waste should be sorted with burnable waste.



Used for producing biogas and fertilisers.

RESIDENTIAL CONTAINERS, RINKI ECO TAKE-BACK POINTS OR RECYCLING POINTS

METAL

- Rinsed metal tins and cans
- Non-deposit beverage cans
- Aluminium trays, foil and lids
- Metal lids, caps and closures
- Unusable pots and pans
- Cutlery, scissors, nails, screws and other small metal objects
- Empty, pressureless aerosol cans
- Empty paint tins

Used for manufacturing new metal products.



GLASS PACKAGING

Packaging glass only:

- Glass bottles and jars

Remove lids and rinse dirty packaging.

Sort all other types of glass, such as broken dishes and window glass into burnable waste.

Used for manufacturing new packaging glass.



PAPER

- Newspapers and magazines
- Advertisements and brochures
- Envelopes (also windowed ones)
- Photocopy and drawing paper
- Product catalogues and phone books
- Books with soft covers and books from which hard covers have been removed

Used for producing newsprint.



CARTON PACKAGING

- Milk and juice cartons
- Cardboard containers for ready meals and dry products
- Cereal, biscuit and sweet boxes
- Paper bags
- Pizza boxes and egg cartons
- Toilet and kitchen roll tubes
- Cardboard boxes

Rinse if needed and let drip dry. Compress and stack.

Used for producing paper roll tubes.



PLASTIC PACKAGING

Empty, clean and dry plastic packaging, such as:

- Plastic food packaging such as yoghurt pots, butter tubs and packaging for cold cuts, cheese and ready meals
- Detergent, shampoo and soap packaging
- Plastic bottles and jars – preferably flattened
- Plastic bags, carrier bags and wrappings
- Polystyrene packaging

Separate bottle caps, lids and dispenser pumps. Sort broken plastic items and dirty plastic packaging as burnable waste.

Used for producing recycled plastic products and energy.



ITEMS TO BE TAKEN TO A COLLECTION POINT

ELECTRICAL DEVICES

Consumer devices can be taken to electrical device collection without charge.

- Refrigerators, cookers, washers
- TVs, stereos, computer equipment
- Small electronic devices, such as phones, shavers, electric mixers etc.
- Lamps, fluorescent tubes, LED and energy-saving bulbs

Recycled as a material and disposed safely.



LARGE ITEMS

Sort separately and deliver to sorting stations:

- Large metal items
- Mattresses and furniture
- Toilets and sinks

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470

Ask recycling centres about reception of usable furniture.

Recycled as a material and used for energy production.



END-OF-LIFE TEXTILES

Received from households free of charge. See reception points: www.kierratys.info.

Unusable, dry and clean clothes and household textiles, such as:

- Coats, trousers, skirts and shirts
- Sheets, towels and tablecloths

No underwear, socks, pillows, blankets, padding, rugs, belts, bags or shoes and no damp, mouldy or strongly odoured textiles or textiles infested with bugs. Sort these as burnable waste.

Pack in a plastic bag and seal tightly.

Sorted and either repurposed, recycled or used for energy production.



HAZARDOUS WASTE

Deliver to hazardous waste collection. Loads up to 50 kg/l free of charge for households.

- Paints, varnishes, glues, solvents
- Oils, oily waste, automotive fluids
- Chemicals with hazard symbols
- Accumulators and batteries with the poles taped (can also be returned to shops)
- Medicines, thermometers containing mercury (can also be returned to pharmacies)
- Disposable gas bottles (non-disposable gas bottles to be returned to the seller)
- Fireworks, explosives, weapons and ammunition: please contact the police

Disposal in hazardous waste treatment plants.



GARDENING WASTE

Place in your own composter or sort separately and deliver to sorting stations:

- Tree branches
- Leaves and rakings
- Clean soil

Garden waste is too heavy for household waste containers and may break the container. Sand and damp garden waste is also harmful for the waste power plant.

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470

Used in landscaping and energy production.

CONSTRUCTION WASTE

Sort separately and take to sorting stations:

- Clean and treated wood
- Impregnated wood
- Burnable waste
- Window glass
- Plasterboard
- Brick and concrete waste
- Soil and mineral waste
- Bitumen roofing felt
- Final waste (formerly landfill waste)
- Asbestos (packaged and appropriately labelled)

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470

Mostly recycled as new material or used for energy production.