

SORTING HOUSEHOLD WASTE

RESIDENTIAL CONTAINERS

MIXED WASTE

- Daily waste that cannot be recycled, such as
- Dirty plastic and carton packaging
 - Hygiene products, such as diapers and sanitary towels
 - Dog faeces, cat litter and pet bedding
 - Cleaning waste, such as vacuum cleaner bags
 - Plastic items such as buckets and toys
 - Dishes, office supplies, soft toys, etc.
 - Shoes, bags, pillows and blankets
 - Flower soil unless biowaste is composted at home



Used for generating district heating and electricity.

BIOWASTE

- Food scraps, spoiled and mouldy groceries
- Fruit and vegetable skins and peels
- Coffee and tea grounds with filter papers
- Paper towels and napkins
- Fish bones and small bones
- Plant parts and withered flowers (no soil)

Drain liquids. Pack in a biodegradable wrapper, such as newspaper or a paper bag. You don't have to pack biowaste that is composted at home.



Used for producing biogas and fertilisers. At home, you can turn biowaste into nutrient-rich compost.

RESIDENTIAL CONTAINERS, RINKI OR LSJH ECO (RECYCLING) POINTS

METAL

- Rinsed metal tins and cans
- Metal lids, caps and closures
- Aluminium trays and foil
- Non-deposit beverage cans
- Empty, pressureless aerosol cans
- Empty paint tins
- Old pans, cutlery, scissors, nails, screws and other small metal objects



Used for manufacturing new metal products.

GLASS PACKAGING

- Packaging glass only
- Glass bottles and jars
- Remove lids and rinse dirty packaging.

Sort all other types of glass, such as broken dishes and window glass, into mixed waste.



Used for manufacturing new packaging glass and glass foam.

PAPER

- Newspapers and magazines
- Advertisements and brochures
- Envelopes (including windowed ones)
- White photocopy and drawing paper
- Product catalogues



Used for producing newsprint.

CARTON PACKAGING

- Milk and juice cartons
- Cardboard containers for food
- Cereal, biscuit and sweet boxes
- Paper bags, wrapping paper
- Pizza boxes, egg cartons and paper cups
- Toilet and kitchen roll tubes
- Cardboard boxes

Rinse if needed and let drip dry. Compress and stack.



Used for producing paper roll tubes.

PLASTIC PACKAGING

- Empty, clean and dry plastic packaging, such as
- Plastic food packaging, such as yoghurt pots and packaging for cold cuts, cheese and ready meals
 - Plastic packaging for detergents, shampoos and soaps
 - Plastic bottles, cans and jars
 - Carrier bags, plastic bags and wrappings
 - EPS or Styrofoam packaging
 - Food containers for takeaway meals

Place caps, lids, films and dispenser pumps separately in the collection. Sort non-packaging plastics and dirty plastic packaging as mixed waste.



Used for producing recycled plastic products and energy.

ELECTRICAL DEVICES

- Consumer devices can be taken to electrical device collection free of charge.
- Refrigerators, cookers, washers
 - TVs, stereos, computer equipment
 - Small electronic devices, such as phones, shavers and electric mixers
 - Lamps, fluorescent tubes, LED bulbs and energy-saving bulbs



Recycled as a material and disposed of safely.

LARGE ITEMS

Sort separately and take to sorting stations

- Large metal items
- Mattresses and furniture
- Toilets and sinks

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470

Ask recycling centres about reception of usable furniture.

Recycled as a material and used for energy production.



END-OF-LIFE TEXTILES

Unusable, dry and clean clothes and household textiles, such as

- Coats, trousers, skirts and shirts
- Sheets, towels and tablecloths

Pack in a plastic bag and seal tightly. Received from households free of charge. For collection points, see kierrätys.info.

No underwear, socks, pillows, blankets, padding, rugs, belts, bags or shoes and no damp, mouldy or strong-smelling textiles or textiles infested with bugs. Sort these as mixed waste.

Taken after sorting for reuse, recycling and energy production.



HAZARDOUS WASTE

Take to hazardous waste collection. Loads of up to 50 kg/l free of charge for households, including:

- Paints, varnishes, glues and solvents
- Oils, oily waste and automotive fluids
- Chemicals with a warning label
- Accumulators and batteries with the poles taped (can also be returned to shops)
- Medicines, thermometers containing mercury (can also be returned to pharmacies)
- Disposable gas bottles and cartridges (non-disposable gas bottles and cartridges to be returned to the seller)

Explosives, fireworks, weapons and ammunition: please contact the police.

Disposal in hazardous waste treatment plants.



GARDENING WASTE

Place in your composter or sort separately and take to sorting stations

- Tree branches
- Leaves and rakings
- Clean grit

Garden waste is too heavy for household waste containers and may break them. Sand and damp garden waste are also harmful for the waste power plant.

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470. Sorting instructions for alien or non-native species: www.lsjh.fi/abc

Used in landscaping and energy production.

CONSTRUCTION WASTE

Sort separately and take to sorting stations

- Clean and treated wood
- Impregnated wood
- Mixed waste
- Window glass
- Plasterboard
- Brick and concrete waste
- Soil and mineral waste
- Bitumen roofing felt
- Final waste (formerly landfill waste)
- Asbestos (packed, properly labelled)

Fees and sorting instructions: www.lsjh.fi or tel. 0200 47470

Recycled as a material and used for energy production.